3rd SEMESTER

(In 3rd Semester, there shall be Three compulsory subjects & Two compulsory clinical subjects.)

PAPER-I

ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

TOTAL MARKS-100

Unit-1

- a) Meaning, concept & factors responsible for environmental pollution
- b) International Momentum
 - i) Stockhom conference
 - ii) Rio-conference
 - iii) Johannesburg Conference
- c) Environment & Indian constitution
- d) Legal remedies
 - i) Law of tort- II
 - ii) Law of Crimes

Unit- II

The water (prevention & control of pollution) Act-1974

- a) Water pollution prevention, meaning & control Agencies Boards.
- b) Power & Function of the boards. The AIR (prevention & control of pollution)Act.1981.
- c) Air pollution prevention meaning & control Agency Board.
- d) Power & function of the board.

Unit- III

Environment (protection) Act.1986

- a) Meaning of Environment, environment pollutant & Environment pollution.
- b) Power & functions of Central govt. to prevent, control & abetment of Environment pollution.
- c) Noise pollution meaning & effect.
- d) Legal control of noise Pollution.

Unit- IV

- Protection of forests.
 - i) Indian forest act 1927.
 - ii) The Forest Conservation Act. 1980.
- b) The wild life Protection Act. 1972.
- c) Climate change, meaning, conventions & international concerns.
- d) Biological Diversity Act 2002.

Unit- V

- a) Sustainable Developments
- b) Precautionary Principle.
- c) Pollter pay Principle.
- d) Principle of no fault liability.
 - i) Public Liability Insurance Act. 1991.
 - ii) The National Environment Tribunal Act. 1995.

- Environmental Law & Policy in India- Shyam Diwan, Atmin Rosencranz
- 2. Environmental Law in India- P. Leelakrishnan
- 3. Environmental Law- SK. Azad
- Environmental Law- Sukanta K. Nanda.

PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

(Compulsory Subject-II)

Unit- I

- a) Meaning, Nature, origin & Importance of International Law.
- b) Sources of International Law.
- c) Subject of International law.
- d) Historical development of International Law.

Unit- II

- a) Codification of International Law
- b) Relationship between International Law & Municipal Law.
- c) Recognition of states.
- d) Recognition of Govts.

Unit-III

- Definition, meaning & kinds of state succession.
- b) Consequences of State Succession.
- Territorial jurisdiction & limitation. c)
- d) Law of Extradition. It's meaning, purpose & difficulties.

Unit-IV

- Law of the sea.
 - Territorial sea i)
 - Exclusive Economic Zone ii)
 - iii) Continental shelf
 - iv) High seas.
- b) Settlement of disputes
- c) War & It's effect
- d) Belligerent occupation.

Unit- V

- a) Law & Diplomatic agents.
- b) Formation of treaty, Reservation & Termination of Treaties.
- c) United Nations, constitution power & function.
- d) Security Council & World peace.
- International court of Justice.

- 1. Starke-Introduction to International Law.
- Oppenheim-International Law.
- 3. H.O.Agarwal- international Law
- 4. S.K.Kapoor-International Law.
- 5. M.P.Tandon- Public International Law

(Compulsory Subject-III)

Unit- I

- a) Origin & development of Muslim Law
- b) Sources of Mohammedan Law
- c) Schools of Mohammedan Law
- d) Application of Muslim Law

Unit-II

- a) Definition, object, nature & essentials of valid Muslim Marriage.
- b) Kinds of Muslim Marriage & their effects.
- c) Dower its meaning, nature & importance.
- d) Different kinds & modes of dissolution of marriage.

Unit-III

- a) Legal Consequences of Muslim Divorce.
- b) Dissolution of Muslim Act. 1939.
- c) General Principles of maintenance under Mohammedan Law.
- d) Muslim women (protection & rights on idvorce) Act. 1986 & maintenance under 215 cr. P.C.

Unit-IV

- a) Guadianship meaning & kinds of guardian.
- b) Power & functions of different tyes of Guardian.
- c) Gifts, meaning, requisites of a valid gift, kinds of gift & revocation of gifts.
- d) Will definition & principal rules governing Law of wills.

Unit- V

- a) Inheritance-Definition & general principles of Inheritence under Muslim Law.
- b) Meaning of waqf & essentials of a valid waqf.
- c) Mutawali- mode of appointment, his power, function & removal.
- d) Pre-exmption, origin, definition, classification, formalities & effect.

- Mulla- Principles of Mohammedan Law.
- 2. Dr. Tahir Mohammed-Muslim Law in India.
- 3. M.A Quereshi- Muslim Law.
- A.A.Fyzee- Outlines of Mohammedan Law.
 Pras Diwan- Muslim Law in Modern India.

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTABILITY & BENCH BAR RELATIONSHIP

(Compulsory Clinical Subject-I)

Unit-1

- a) Legal Profession, it's importance
- b) Legal Profession in India before & after independence.
- c) Establishment, power & function of State Bar Council.
- d) Establishmnet, power & function of Bar Council of India.

Unit- II

- a) Admission, enrolment & rights to advocates.
- b) Meaning & Necessity of Professional ethics for Lawyer & Statury Sanctions.
- c) Duty of an advocate towards court, client, opponent & colleagues.
- d) Duty towards society & obligation to render Legal aid.

Unit- III

- a) Professional misconduct, meaning & concept.
- b) Power & function of Disciplinary Committee (State BAR CONCIL & Bar Council of India).
- c) Remedies against the order of punishment.
- d) Some selected opinions of the Supreme Court of India.

Unit- IV Accountancy for Lawyers & Bench bar Relations

- a) Purpose of keeping Accounts.
- b) Importance & requirements for maintaining book of accounts.
- c) Meaning & importance of Bench-Bar relationship in administration of Justice.
- d) Professionalism in advocacy, secrets of success of Advocate.

Unit- V Contemt of Court

- a) Contemt of Ciourt. Meaning, object & constitutional validity of contempt of court's Act
- b) Concept & categories of contempt of court.
- c) Punishment & remedies against punishment for contempt of court.
- d) Contempt by Lawyers, judges state & corporate bodies.

- Dr. S.P.Gupta- Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers, Bench Bar Relations.
- 2. Dr. Kailash Rai- Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers, Bench Bar Relations.
- 3. P.Ramnath Iyer- Legal & Professional Ethics.
- 4. Krishnamurty Iyer- Advocacy.
- 5. The Bar council code of Ethics.

ARBITRATION, CONCILIATION & ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (Compulsory Clinical Subject-II)

Unit- I

- a) Alternative Dispute Resolution, meaning, concept & need.
- b) Alternative Dispute Resolution Procedure
 - ii) Conciliation i) Negotiation
 - iii) Mediation iv) Arbitration
- c) Advantages & limitation of ADR
- d) Distribution between Arbitration, conciliation & negotiation.

Unit- II

- a) Meaning, object & salient features of the Arbitration & Conciliation Act. 1996.
- b) Definition & meaning of Arbitration Agreement, Arbitral Award. Arbitral Tribunal.
- c) Composition, powers & responsibility of Arbitral Tribunal.
- d) Jurisdiction of Arbitral Tribunals.

Unit-III

- a) Conduct of Arbitral Proceedings.
- b) Making at Arbitral Awards & Termination of Proceedings.
- c) Resource against Arbitral Awards.
- d) Finality & enforcement at Arbitral Award, Appeals.

Unit- IV

- a) Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Award before commencement of the Arbitration & Conciliation Act 1996.
- b) New York Convention Awards.
- c) Geneva Convention Awards.
- d) Role of N.G.O.s in Dispute Resolution.

Unit- V

- Conciliations Nature, Scope, Appointment of conciliator & role of conciliator.
- b) Organisation of Lok Adalat & role of Lok Adalat in pre litigation conciliation &
- c) Importance of Internationmal Commercial Arbitration & United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITL)
- d) Sailent features on International Commercial Arbitration.

- Johari- Arbitration & Conciliation Act 1996.
- 2. Dr. S.R. Myneni- Arbitration, Conciliation & Alternative dispute Resolution systems.
- 3. N.K.Acharya-Law Relating to Arbitration & A.D.R.
- 4. S.C.Tripathy-- Arbitration & Conciliation
- 5. N.D.Basu-Law of Arbitration & Conciliation Act
- Rao & Shefield- Alternative Dispute Resolution.